China Would Not Surprise Those

Who Are Watching Events.

A CRISIS.

Pekin. Feb. 2 .- An evidence of the ten

for punishment. After a meeting of the municipal authorities the British consul-

general and representatives of Yuan Shi Kai, a full apology was drafted and the policeman was dismissed and handed over to the Chinese officials, who promised leniency.

Offender Punished.

Agitation Against Foreigners.

The dowager empress received the dip-

dictions would carry greatest weight, however, are most reluctant to express

Undoubtedly all China is at white heat

of political discussion. Such intense feeling as prevails on the part of the inhab-

break may precipitate general hostilities. No organized movement against foreigners is to be discovered except the American boycott, but the national feeling is

growing stronger and the peculiar status of foreigners in China affords many points of friction. The court has every

inducement to preserve friendliness a

Outspoken Discontent.

The dowager empress' supporters freely discuss the possibility that she may be driven by revolution to seek shelter within the walls of the foreign legations.

Discontent with the government is out-

spoken among young and progressive Chinese as an outgrowth of opposition

to foreign encroachment. The sentiment

is too impatient to give the empress' at-tempts at reforms the trial of time, but demand that the government shall ac-complish immediately all that it has taken Japan a third of a century to achieve.

The stability of the present regime

taken to protect him. He is strongly guarded day and night. The ever present menace to order is the specter of death overtaking the dowager empress and thereby leaving the emperor, who falls to command the confidence of the people and without heir guaranteed by the confidence.

le and without heir, surrounded by amitious, intriguing officials with a restess, discontented populace behind him.

AN ALLEGED TRUST.

Proceedings Against the Duluth

Board of Trade.

leniency.

MORE ORATORY

McCall of Massachusetts Being the Only Dissenter.

WEAKNESSES POINTED OUT

DEMOCRATIC VIEW OF RATE MAKING.

speeches of Burton of Ohio, McCall of ally good effort by the country and the Massachusetts and Russell of Texas senate were features, while Thomas Thomas of North Carolina, Burke of South Dakota and Golden of New York took up particular and specific topics

Mr. Burton discussed the broad field of proper national ideas and growth of industry, corporation development and traffic increase; Mr. McCall made an attack on the bill, opening the opposition to its fundamental features and making, as he knew, a vain effort to have the power to regulate railroad rates administered by the courts. Point point he made to show what he contended were the weaknesses and evil of government ratemaking, illustrating by records of foreign countries.

Democratic View.

Mr. Russell argued for the measure. He spoke as a Democrat and gave that party credit for sustained effort and for careful scrutiny in the perfecting of the measure. Mr. Burke, a member of the commit-

tee in which the bill originated, explained its details. Before proceeding to consideration of the railroad rate bill today the house passed a bill extending the public land aws to a tract of land ten miles square n Wyoming, ceded to the government

Indians. Rate Bill Debate.

Mr. Thomas of North Carolina opened the discussion on the rate bill, making an argument in its favor. Mr. Thomas said the bill was in line with the Democratic position, the presi-

dent's position, the views of the interstate commerce commission, commission bodies all over the country, including his own state, the outgrowth of public sentiment. Referring to the losses sustained by the truckers of his district last spring, he insisted refrigerator cars should be placed under the control of the commission.

Mr. Golden of New York gave his reasons for supporting the bill. It was the best of its kind ever presented. Its benefits were greater than its defects.

Mr. Burton's Speech.

In beginning an hour's speech in favor of the bill, Mr. Burton of Ohio dwelt upon the enormity of the corporations in this country. He could remember when this was not the case. when small businesses flourished. Now the mechanism of steam have transemploye is but a cog in a tremendous

The greatest strides in traffic had also taken place. Regulation was demanded by the conditions. The two especial features of the bill were, first, the fixing of a railroad rate, and second, the speedy adjudication of a rate in the

With 150,000 rate schedules related one to the other, he was not sure what the result would be or what the court of last resort would decide. However, he did not anticipate revolutionary orders by the commission nor havoc as the result of them. The difficulties of the policies to be inaugurated, such as the long and short haul and the questions, Mr. Burton believed should be fixed by congress. It was the failure to exercise such responsibili-ties that resulted in the complaints that the house was losing its power.

Question of Rebates.

As to rebates, he said, human ingenuity had hardly, if ever, been exercised to evade the law as had been the case since the passage of the Elkins Discrimination between individuals, he maintained, could and should be stopped. The discrimination between places was a different problem. which many elements entered and which it may never be possible to over-

"If we seek for the real evil," said Mr. Burton, "we must look to the ideals of the people," and, he added, "we have until tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

had sickening examples of dishonesty in high places.'

Success, he said, and the admiration for great wealth breaks down the line etween honesty and dishonesty. Legislation could do much to correct these evils of dishonesty. Publicity was one step; to cease condoning great offenses was another; to provide equality of op-portunity, the third. To make it plain that this corporation was so great that Six Hours of Speeches in the House, duty of congress and this should not be confined to railways.

Mr. Burton concluded with the state-ment that the present bill was a step in the right direction and that he hoped year by year others might be taken. Throughout Burton commanded the close attention of members and received applause and congratulations on CZAR MEETS DEPUTATION WHOLE COUNTRY EXCITED

South Dakota View.

Mr. Burke (S. D.) followed, having been yielded an hour. He favored the bill and reviewed the legislative status of rate regulating laws.

Mr. Burke emphasized the necessity Washington, Feb. 2.-Oratory on the of defeating all amendments that may railroad rate bill held the attention of be proposed to the bill and have it the house for six hours today. The pass the house by the largest vote

Speech in Opposition.

When Mr. Burke concluded Mr. Mc-Call took the floor in opposition to the

Mr. McCall made the point that the bill delegated legislative as well as power to the commission. "You might as well delegate tariff legislation to a commission," he declared Mr. McCall presented an extensive argument in opposition to government rate making. He said the pending bill cught to deal particularly with re-This was what public opinion demanded, "until diverted to an utterly irrational and haphazard rem-

The present effort Mr. McCall called "political rate making." Mr. McCall said he preferred the liberty of the courts to the cast-iron regulations of a commission. He contended the original act creating the interstate commerce commission did not grant the rate-making power, and was not intended to. The pending bill, he insisted, gave power to set aside great said: groups of rates. It was a rate fixing scheme of most sweeping character. "At the rate we are now going," Mr. McCall concluded, "it will not be long before we regulate everything and 1897 by the Shoshone and Arapahoe everybody from Washington."

Good Democratic Doctrine.

Mr. Russell of Texas, who followed, stated that President Roosevelt stood with the Democratic party on the question. Since 1896 that party had advocated the very legislation now pending, while the president's first utterarce on the subject was in 1904. However, the president, he said, was a "Would not the president have charged up San Juan hill, just as many of us thought he did, if he had been there?" (Laughter).

He said the president had modified his views since his first message, the first intimation of which was made during his southern trip when at Raleigh, N. C., he had declared that authority should be given to name a "maximum" rate, while before he had declared for a "reasonable" rate. After this announcement, Mr. Russell said, railroad presidents tumbled over themselves to get into the president's band wagon and rumors were current that a compromise had been reached and that the white flag had been run up formed industry completely so that the over the White house. The president's last message, he maintained, if followed in legislation, would result in no

Rate Bill Explained.

Mr. Russell explained this portion in detail, saying it was just the point of compromise between the Republicans and Democrats of the committee. The majority bill authorized the committee

to fix a "maximum" reasonable rate. of the bill to fix the "just and reasonable maximum rate to be charged.' actual maximum is by explaining that the maximum fixed is simply the maxmum "to be charged," or above which

the roads cannot charge.

General Fear in Russia That the Outbreak in Central and Southern Peasants Will Attempt to Take Possession of Lands.

MANDATE WILL BE SCATTERED YOUNG MEN TRYING TO FORCE BROADCAST.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 2.-In view of the profound conviction prevailing among sion existing between the Chinese and the marshals of the nobility, members of foreigners is found in a recent unimportthe zemstvos and other classes which are ant event which took place in Tien Tsin direct touch with the peasants, that on the occasion of the birthday of Emthe spring will witness a renewal of peror William. While Yuan Shi Kai, Agrarian disorders throughout the coun- viceroy of the province of Chi Li, was Agrarian disorders throughout the country on a more deplorable scale than ever before, the emperor has addressed a plain, outspoken mandate to the peasantry, setting forth that the rights of property are sacred and that the peasants will be violating his will if they attempt to enter into prospersion of private tempt to enter into prospersion of private. tempt to enter into possession of private lands. At the same time his majesty has assured the peasants that with the co-operation of the national assembly he will nstitute measures for their relief.

Saw Them Personally.

The emperor's words were delivered personally to a deputation from the Kursk government and will be sent roadcast throughout the empire in hope of counteracting the widespread be-ief prevailing among the masses of the peasantry that his majesty had ordered he distribution of all private lands and hat only the land owners and local officials were hampering the execution of his will. The emperor on this occasion addressed the Kursk peasants as "My brothers," and talked to them in simple Russian terms capable of being under-stood by the most ignorant peasant. He said:

know very well that every right of property is sacred to the state. The owner has the same right to his land as you peasants have to yours. Communicate this to your fellows in the villages.

Assistance Promised.

"In my solicitude for you I do not forget the peasants whose needs are dear to me and I will look after them per-petually as did my late father. The Vypetually as did my late father. The Vytong Gosdarstvennala Douma (national assembly) will soon assemble, and in cooperating with me discuss the best measures for your relief. Have confidence in me. I will assist you. But I repeat, remember always that right of property is holy and inviolable."

Count Eugene Troubetskoy, who presented the resolutions of the marshals of the nobility to the emperor, in an interview attributed the Agrarian troubles directly to the revolutionary propaganda.

view attributed the Agrarian troubles di-rectly to the revolutionary propaganda. If He expects excesses in the spring when the peasants throughout the empire, in preparing to take possession of the new private lands, will become wilder than ever because they will be unable to agree on a division of the spoils and will fall on a division of the spoils and will fall to fighting among themselves. The land owners now are practically ruined. The convocation of the national assembly is immediately necessary to enable the government to raise money abroad, set it on its feet and enable it to correspond to the convergence. its feet and enable it to carry out its plans for the wholesale colonization of which is an imperative measure

French Delegates to Moroccan Conference Not Prepared to Expose Their Hand,

to fix a "maximum" reasonable rate.

A maximum reasonable rate, he said, was a fraction under extortion. The minimum reasonable rate was a shade higher than confiscation. If the president's suggestion had prevailed and the committee had declared the maximum reasonable rate in a given case to be 45 cents a hundred when as a matter of fact the actual maximum matter of fact the actual maximum stand relative to the police. Such is the rate was 50 cents, the court could set view expressed in quarters enjoying the the 45-cent rate aside on the ground confidence of the ministers here where that the commission was granted it is also affirmed that the French delauthority only to fix the maximum egates are determined to await the disreasonable rate, and it had not done closure of Germany's proposals before so, and set the rate aside. It was making known their own propositions. there the compromise in the bill came It is argued that this waiting attitude is in-the commission is under the terms justified by the fact that the desire for a conference emanated from Germany This, he said, eliminates from possible in declaring her views. The French cabinet possess the unanimous support who should therefore take the initiative of the country in maintaining the principle that France's position in Aleria gives her the right to a predominant voice in Moroccan affairs. Another soof the conference would be regarded by the country as a display of weakness and the view is generally expressed that a return to the status quo would be preferable.

TERRORISTS THREATEN

Berlin, Feb. 2.-Replying to an inquiry today regarding the report that he had been condemned to death by the Russian revolutionists for furnishing financial assistance to the government of Russia, Herr Mendelssohn, head of the banking house of Mendelssohn & Co., said:
"I have received many threatening

letters from the Russian revolutionists since the revolutionary movement be-The latest was a sentence of death with a coffin and a skull and proved and signed by the emperor. crossbones pictured on the communication. This was six weeks ago, but I have not been molested, though Berlin is full of Russians. I don't attach any importance to the threats. They only

HAZING UNDER THE BAN

Reno, Nev., Feb. 2.—President J. E. Stubbs of the University of Nevada today placed the stamp of disapproval on hazing at the university. It was stated by him at a public meeting that hereafter all students found guilty of participating in hazing would be immediately dismissed from the college. The firm stand taken by the faculty arises from a recent hazing incident at which a preparatory student was roughly handled by upper classmen and nearly died from the effects of nervous prostration. The student was compelled to leave college as a result of his treatment.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in six to fourteen days. 50c.

SUMMONED TO WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 2.-W. J. Calhoun, the president's general commissioner in the asphalt controversy, has been summoned to Washington and will be in consultation with Secretary Root tomorrow in connection with his report just sub-

WARRANT IS OUT FOR HIRAM TYREE

Continued from Page 1. the securities company for the benefit of the agency company, in which he is supposed to hold a majority of the

Former Bookkeeper Makes Charge.

The complaint for Mr. Tyree's arrest was sworn to by Deputy Sheriff White, but the affidavit upon which the complaint was based was sworn to by Phillip J. Harding, a former bookkeeper of Mr. Tyree, who, it is claimed, is possessed of inside information concerning all the facts. It is not disputed that the contracts

omplained of were ratified by the directors of the insurance company and the securities company in their regular meeting; but the allegation is that the directors were cajoled by Mr. Tyree into ratifying them.

Assert Tyree's Innocence.

Inside the various companies, howver, are men of capital and standing who assert vigorously that Mr. Tyree is not only innocent of any criminal charge, but that there is either contract which works to the injury of either company involved. It is probable that there will be a bitter fight in court over this matter, both civilly

The two contracts do not bear direct ly on the criminal charge; the quarrel ver them has simply led up to a criminal charge against Mr. Tyree involving matters which occurred before either the Western Securities company or the Western Agency company was organized

Doesn't Blame Directors.

The viceroy's magistrate, however, immediately ordered that the offender re-Assistant County Attorney Lyon, dismediately ordered that the orienter re-ceive a punishment of a thousand strokes with the bamboo, which is frequently fatal and three months' penal servitude. Foreign opinion here insists that the vice-roy's demand for the surrender and the extremity of the punishment ordered were both deliberately intended to imussing the case last night, said: "It should be clearly understood that no blame attaches in this matter to any directors of the company, all of whom, so far as I know, are men of the highest standing in the commercial world Any wrongdoing which exists is blampress foreigners with a sense of the Chinese authority. British officials are bitterly denounced by foreign residents for able, so far as my investigations show, to Mr. Tyree and to a subordinate employe who, I imagine, was merely a ndering the policeman, who was a British employe,
The foreign newspapers published at
Shanghai, Hongkong and Tien Tsin continue to dwell with apprehension upon
anti-foreign trouble, but Pekin gives no
sign of any hostile feeling toward forelements. catspaw. I realize that the Continental Life Insurance & Investment company is a Utah corporation, founded on the highest business motives, and that the men most heavily interested in it are men who do business on a strictly honorable basis.

lomatic body today, the Chinese new year. At the audience she displayed her customary cordiality. The relations between the court and the legations are in no way changed. The open agitation against foreigners is confined to Central and Southern China and it is anticipated and Southern China, and it is anticipated that troubles, if they occur, will be limited to those sections, as "Boxerism" was limited to the north. Those whose pre-

follows:

ROSE **CREAM**

The finest skin food made-How much that means!

Delightful for Massage, Chapped Face and Hands.

A man way down in Tampa, Fla.,

"While in your city some months ago I purchased your Rose Lanoline Cream and found it the best article I ever used. Please send me a large jar. J. Clarence Glenn." 25 and 50

Smith Drug Co.

cisco: George E. Ames. San Francisco: Ernest Denicke, San Francisco. Officers: President, Hiram Tyree vice president, Frank Pierce; second vice president, V. T. McGillycuddy; third vice president, R. D. Steele, Bozeman, Mont.; secretary, C. C. Wylie; treasurer, W. S. McCornick. Mr. Tyree came to Salt Lake from Montana to organize the Continental company. He was formerly connected with the New York Life Insurance com

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine

SHOT WHILE IN BED.

Spokane, Wash., Feb. 2.-Peter Thompson was mysteriously shot while in bed in the Workingmen's Home about 4:30 o'clock this morning. Five The directors of the company are as other men were in the small room but Thompson's condition was not discov-Charles Webb Howard, San Francisco, Cal.; A. L. Babcock, Billings, Mont.; T. R. Cutler, city; John Dern, city; John Gillie, Butte, Mont.; J. D. Wood, city; R. J. Waters, Los Angeles; V. T. McGillycuddy, San Francisco, Cal.; A. L. Babcock, Billings, his brain and his chances of life are about even. The absence of powder marks discredits the theory of attempted suicide, but no other evidence of attempted murder has yet been found.

WE COLLECT

Board Bills.

Hotel Bills.

Judgments.

Accounts.

Notes.

Rooming House Bills.

Sheepherders Bills.

Money Loaned.

Plumbers Bills.

Dentists Bills, and

Wages, and all kinds of bills

Doctors Bills.

everywhere.

Write, or see us.

Open all Night. Free delivery till midnight.

Watches Cleaned _\$1.00 Main Spring ____\$1.00

FAIR PRICES.

Carter Jewelry Co. 324 MAIN ST.

SIGN OF THE BIG WATCH.

Our Aim

and do RELIABLE WORK at

to sell RELIABLE GOODS





Invaluable to sufferers from asthma, bronchitis or throat troubles. Contain nothing injurious.

Union Dental Co. 218 South Main.

Honest Work Honest Prices

Painless Extraction of Teeth or No Pay. All Work Positively Guaranteed. Phones: Beil 1126-X; Ind., 1126



UTAH'S MOST POPULAR RAIL ROAD.

CURRENT TIME TABLE. Depart Dally.

No. 65 For Nephi and Sampete

Valley. 8:00 A.M.

No. 55 For Garfield 11:30 A.M.

No. 65 For Nephi 4:45 P.M.

No. 61 For Nephi and Lynn. 9:30 P.M.

Arrive Daily.

FINEST DINING CAR SERVICE IN THE WEST. ONLY DIRECT LINE TO LOS ANGELES. STAGE CONNEC-TIONS FOR NEVADA MINING CAMPS. CITY T. CKET OFFICE.

17 West Second South. 'Phones 1986. J. L. MOORE, Dist, Pass. Agt.



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Time Table IN EFFECT JAN. 1, 1906

ARRIVE. No. 12-From Valley and Proposition of the No. 18-From Chicago, Omahy and intermedia

and intermediate No. 2-From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco

Francisco

No. 10—From Ogden, Cache
Valley, Butte, Portland and
San Francisco

DEPART. DEPART.

No. 5-For Ogden, Omaha.
Chicago, Denver, Kansas
City and St. Louis
No. 7-For Ogden, Portland.
Butte, San Francisco and intermediate points
No. 1-For Ogden, Omaha.
Chicago, Denver, Kansas
City, St. Louis and San
Francisco
No. 11-For Ogden, Cache Valley and intermediate points
No. 17-For Ogden, Omaha.
Chicago and intermediate
points

DEPART.

10:30 a m

10:30 a m

10:30 p m

4:10 p m

points ... 7.20 pm No. 2—For Ogden, Denver, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and Chicago No. 9—For Ogden, Cache Val-ley, Butte, Helena, Portland San Francisco and inter-mediate points ... 11:45 pm D. E. BURLEY, G. P. A.
D. S. SPENCER, A. G. P. A.
City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street,
Telephone 250

Note.—The train numbers shown above are Oregon Short Line train numbers and do not apply to the Southern Pacific west of Ogden, or the Union Pacific east thereof.

Hat to Hat Talks LIFE OF BERLIN BANKER

The hand of fate gives the cold shake to the man who fails to grasp his opportunities.

26 cases of New Spring Hats have arrived and are now ready for your inspection. "Knox" New York Hats, the favorite

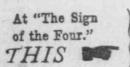
"Roxford," another favorite, \$4.00. "Beacon" and "Francis," the two best hats made at the price, \$3.00.

with all good dressers, \$5.00.

"Stetson's," \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$8.00. Get a New Hat, the secret of your looks, at

RICHARDSON & ADAMS Co.

"A CLOTHES SHOP FOR MEN."





IN NEVADA UNIVERSITY

St. Paul, Feb. 2.-The state legal department, through Attorney General Young today began suit to end the corporate career of the Duluth board of trade, which it is alleged is in restraint of trade

and consequently in conflict with the anti-trust law of 1890.

The state, acting for the Minnesota Farmers' exchange, which says it has been discriminated against upon the ab-solute refusal of members of the board to have any dealings with it, is the plain RUSSIA WILL ABOLISH CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

St. Petersburg, Feb. 2.—The abolition of capital punishment by the civil tribunals of Russia, which was one of the main demands of reform parties, will soon be an accomplished fact. The the council of the empire, and there is a strong chance that it will be ap-

WYOMING JURIST GOES TO THE SUPREME BENCH Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 2.—Governor Brooks today appointed District Judge C. H. Parmalee to the vacancy in

supreme court of this state caused by

the resignation of Judge VanOrsdel,

who has been appointed assistant at-torney general of the United States by President Roosevelt.

FINIS IS WRITTEN. Topeka, Kan., Feb. 2.—The state central committee of the Populist party at a meeting here tonight decided not to put a ticket in the field at the election of state officers, legislature and congressmen this year. This marks the final winding was the efficies of the Populist winding up of the affairs of the Populist party, which ten years ago controlled Kansas.

CABLE OUT OF ORDER.

New York, Feb. 2.—Cable communication to the West Indies is cut off today beyond Jamaica. The cause of the interruption is not known.

SUPPRESSED BY SOLDIERS.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—It is officially an-mounced that the insurrectionary move-ment in German East Africa has been almost totally suppressed. Today Only.

25 per cent off all prices of new curtains. Z. C. M

Office of the Ingersoll-Rand Co.,

No. 11 Broadway, New York City.

Send them in.

We desire to announce to all customers of the Rand Drill Co. in Utah and Idaho that we have made an arrangement with the Utah Mining Machinery & Supply Co., J. E. Galigher, Manager, of Salt Lake City, Utah, by which our office has been transferred to this company, and all Rand drill and compressor equipment will be handled from their place of business, 226-232 So. West Temple St.

Merchants' Protective Assn.

Scientific Collectors of Bad Debts

Fifth floor Commercial National Bank Building.

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Francis G. Luke, Gen'l. Mgr. "Some People Don't Like Us."

Co., will make his headquarters at the office of the Utah Mining Machinery & Supply Co., assisting that company in the handling of The Rand Drill Company business. Mr. S. G. Murray, our General Western Representative, will also

Mr. W. A. Lieblein, of the Salt Lake office of The Rand Drill

make his headquarters with the Utah Mining Machinery & Supply INGERSOLL-RAND CO.,

Geo. Doubleday, 1st Vice President.

Effective Feb. 1, 1906.

"The Whisky Merchants."

FOR SALE-A saloon in a prosperous farming community, in a town of 3,000 inhabitants. Ground 66 feet by 8 rods. One-story brick house, 24x50 feet, with good cellar. Twenty-foot bar and back bar, mahogany finish. Safe, desk, ice box, two card tables, clock, stoyes, cigar

Ice house filled with ice.
Good stock of liquors and glassware on hand. \$9,000.00 "takes the whole business. Terms, \$4,500.00 cash; balance in yearly payments. RIEGER & LINDLEY,

CURRENT TIME TABLE. In Effect Dec. 10th, 1905.

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY.

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY. No 12 from Ogden and local

PERFECT DINING CAR SERVICE All trains except Nos. 1 to 6, inclusive, stop at intermediate points.

Ticket office, Dooly block. 'Phone 205, I. A. BENTON, G. A. P. D.

"THE LAGOON ROAD" Salt Lake & Ogden Railway Co. SIMON BAMBERGER,

President and General Manager,
Time table in effect Nov. 6, 1303.
LEAVE SALT LAKE.
6, 8:30, 11 a. m.; 2, 4:30, 6:39 p. m.
LEAVE LAGOON,
7, 9:30, 12 m.; 3, 5:30, 7:30 p. m.

If It Happens It's in The Herald.